Rayleigh Recoveries with Realistic Parameters

Levi Walls 9/14/2015

Independent Variables

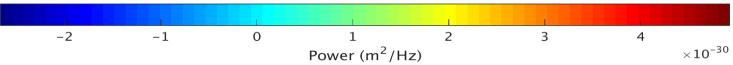
- Detectors used:
 - 300, 800, A4100, C4100, D4100, B4850, C4850, D4850, ROSS, YATES
- Channels used:
 - HHE, HHN, HHZ
- Observation time: 100 sec.
 - GPS times: 1107416000 1107416100
- Recovery bin size: 5°
- Used following relation to obtain α , where v_R is the wave speed, and f is the recovery frequency :

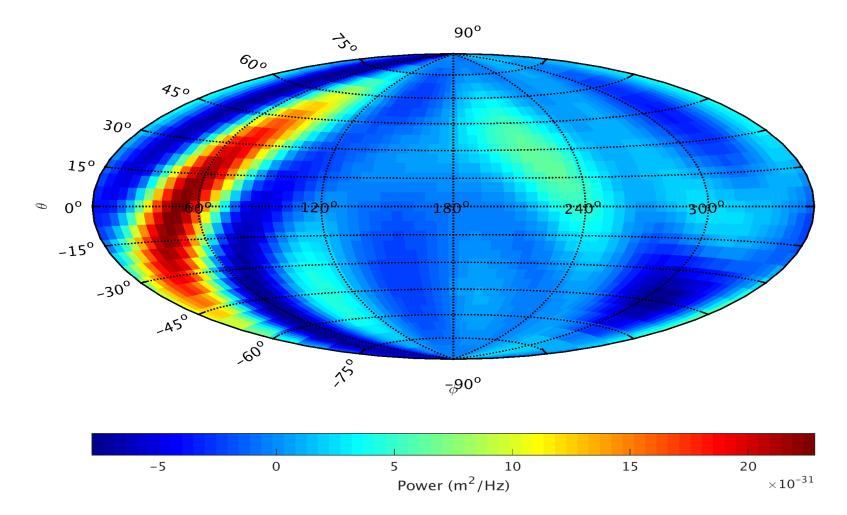
$$\alpha = \frac{v_R}{2f}$$

Recovery Frequency: 3 Hz

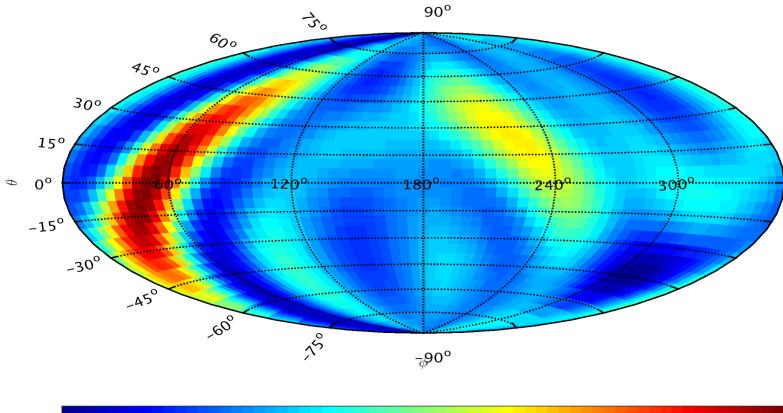
- *v_R*: 862 m/s
- α = 144 m
- Comments about recoveries:
 - The signals being recovered are more pronounced in their structure than the recoveries at higher recovery frequencies.
 - Even at lower values of ϵ , the structure of the signal is still pronounced.

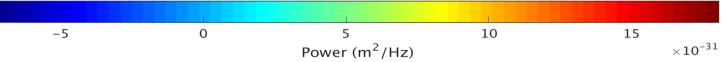
90⁰ 30 600 450 30o 15° θ 0⁰ 180° 3000 -15° -30° _450 ,60° 15 -₀90°



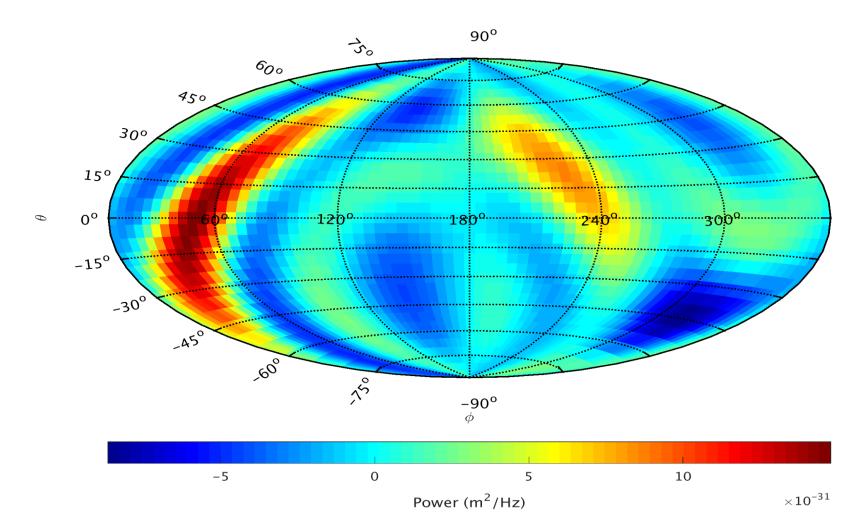


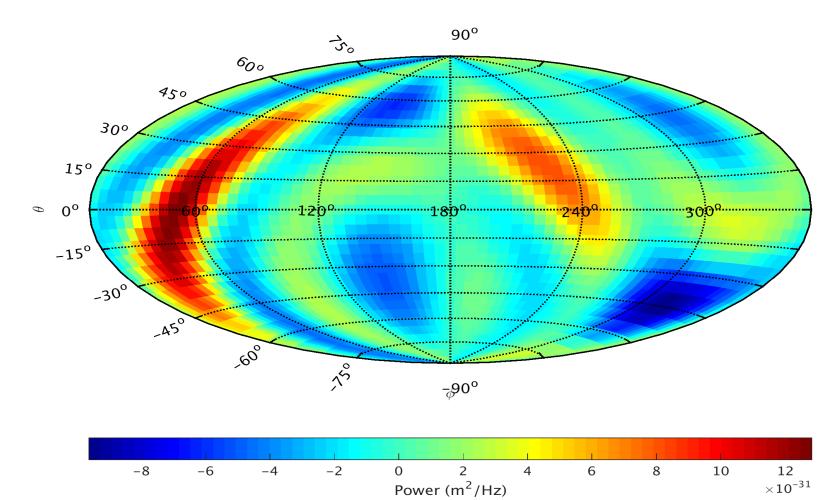
€ = 0.7





r-wave recovery, frequency 3 Hz

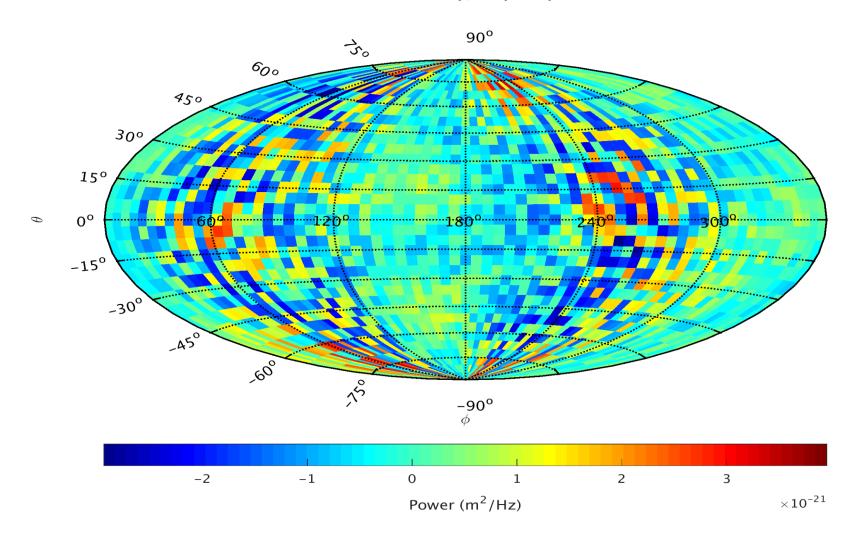


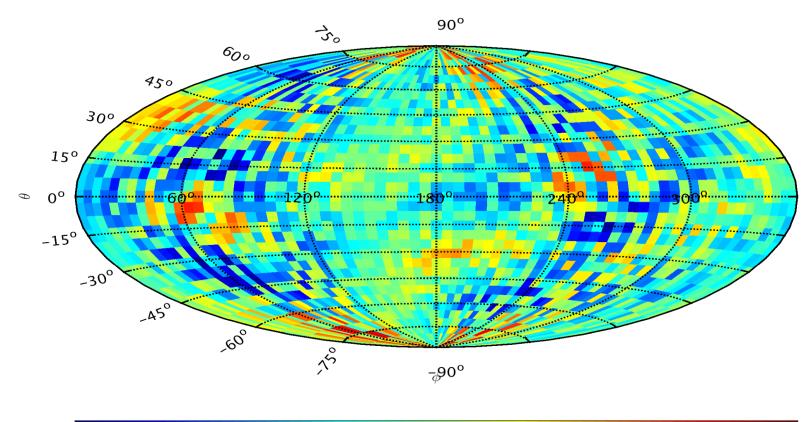


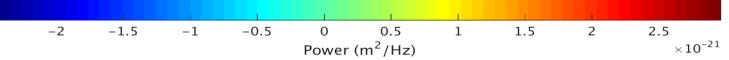
Recovery Frequency: 1 Hz

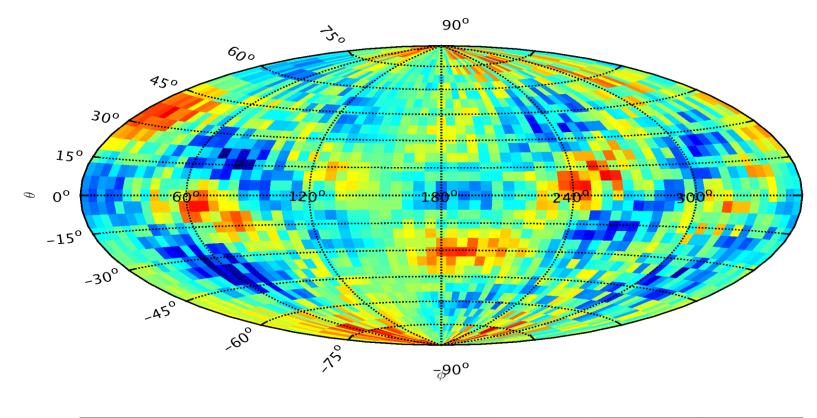
- *v_R*: 1,300 m/s
- α = 650 m
- Comments about recoveries:
 - "Junk" recoveries; i.e. no distinct signal was recovered—especially at low values of ε
 - Increasing ε seems to render a more prominent signal recovery; however, the power diminishes slightly (cf. slides 12 – 16)
 - These recoveries resemble the recoveries at 1 Hz with:
 - *v_R*: 1,809 m/s
 - α: 250 m
 - $\epsilon \in [0.7, 1.3]$

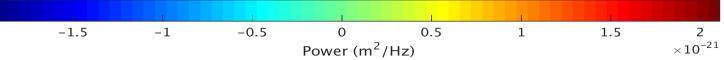
r-wave recovery, frequency 1 Hz



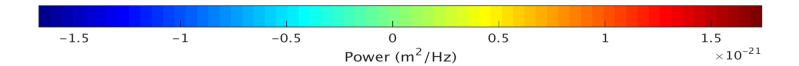


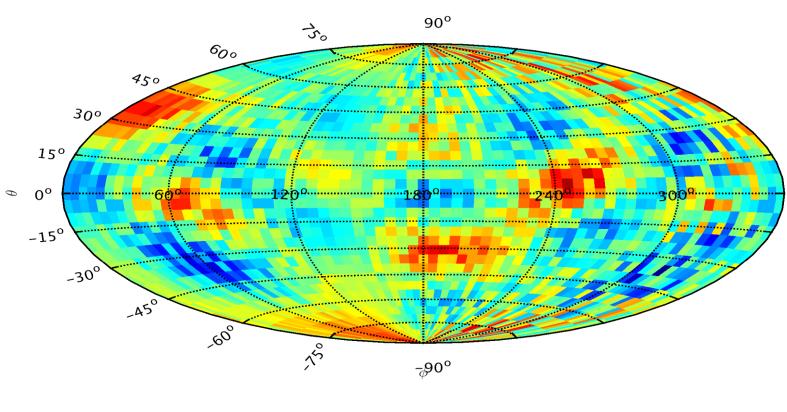


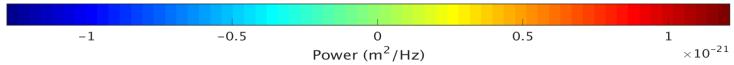


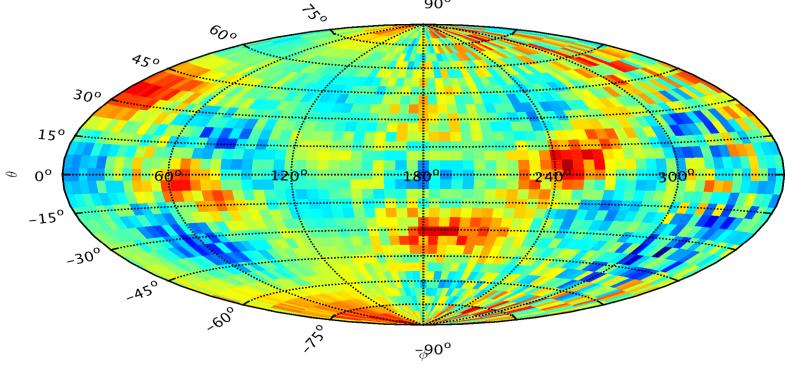


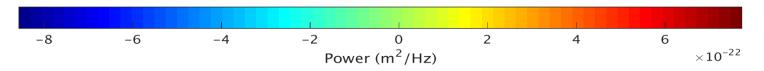
90^o 50 600 450 300 15° θ $0^{\rm o}$ -15⁰ -30° _450 *60*° 1° -₀90°

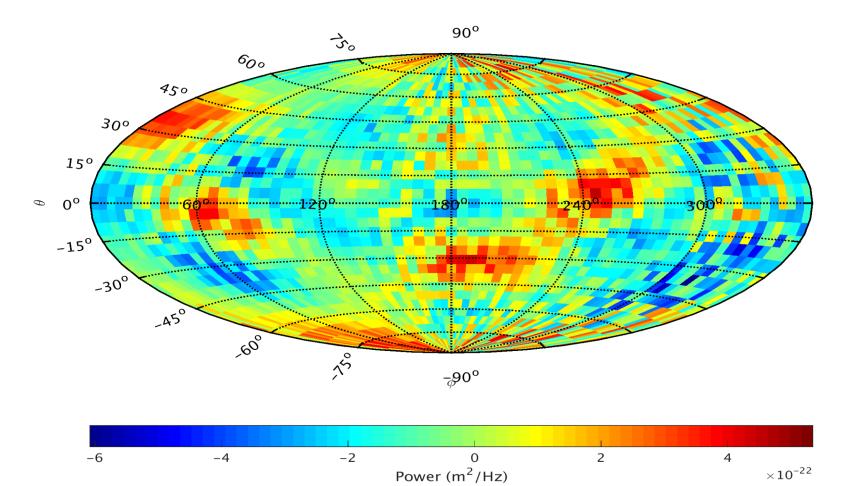






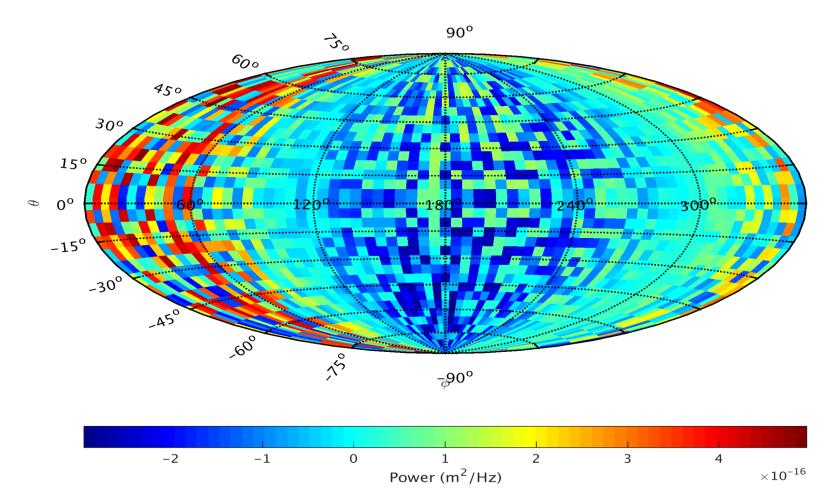




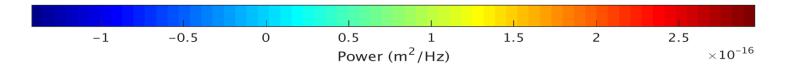


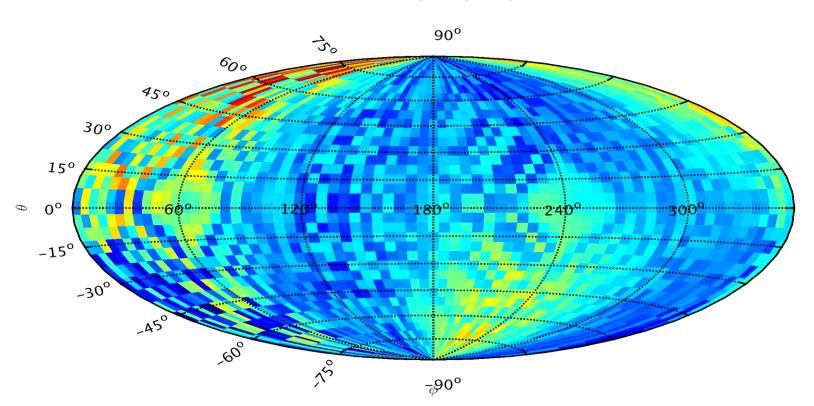
Recovery Frequency: 0.1 Hz

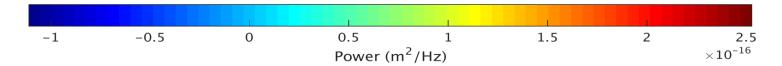
- *v_R*: 3,100 m/s
- α = 15,500 m
- Comments about recoveries:
 - "Junk" recoveries; i.e. no distinct signal was recovered—especially at low values of ε
 - Increasing ε seems not to have a great effect on the signal recovery; however, the power diminishes slightly (cf. slides 12 – 16)

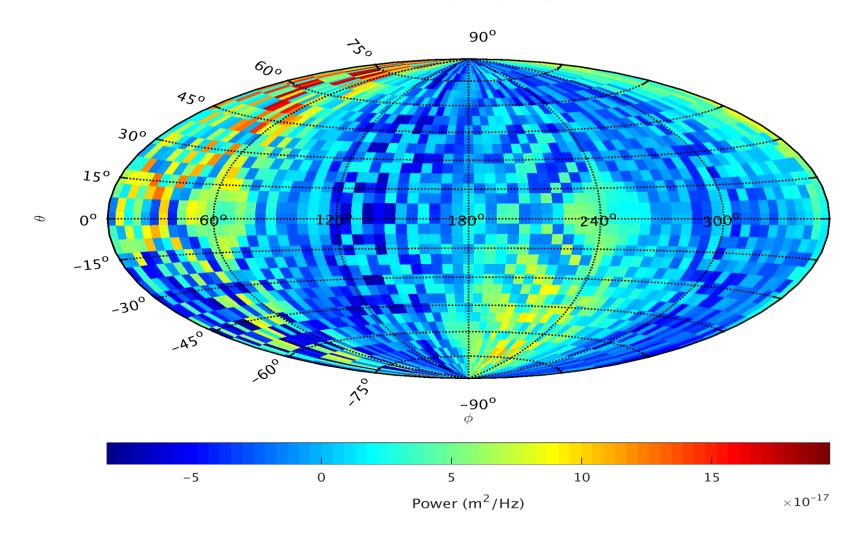


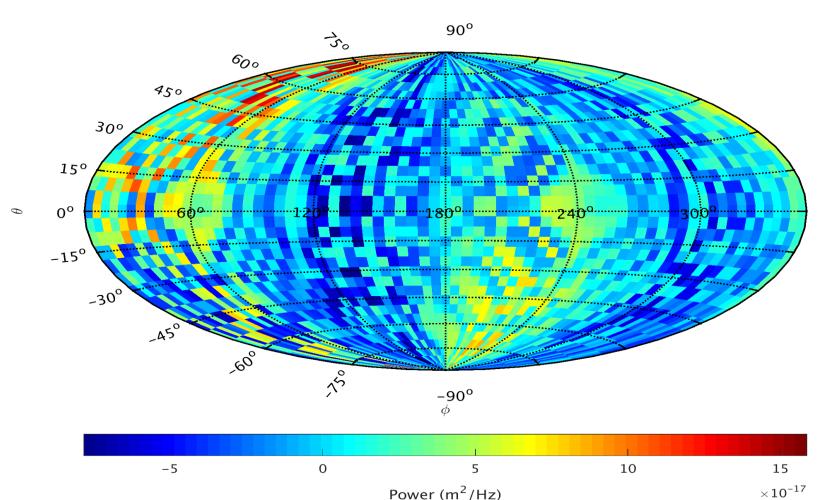
90^o 50 600 450 30° 15° θ 0° 201 -15° -30 _45° ,60° 5 -₀90°





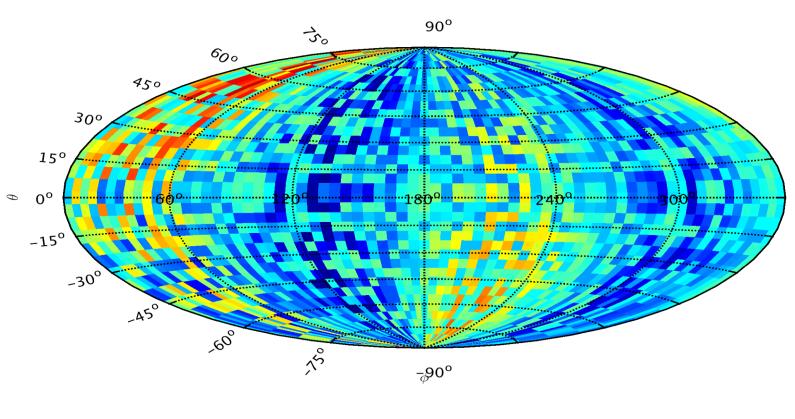


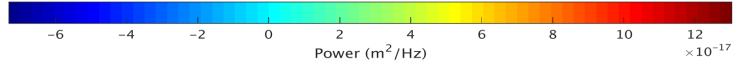




r-wave recovery, frequency 0.1 Hz

Power (m²/Hz)





ε = 1.9

